

MATH 1010 ~ Intermediate Algebra

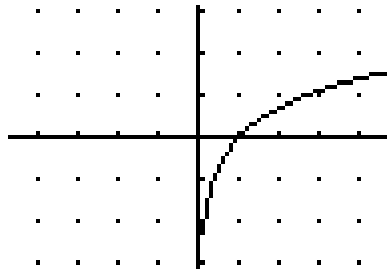
Chapter 9: EXPONENTIAL AND  
LOGARITHMIC FUNCTIONS

## Section 9.3: Logarithmic Functions

Objectives:

- \* Evaluate logarithmic functions.
- \* Graph logarithmic functions.

$$\log_2(x) = y \Leftrightarrow 2^y = x$$



$$f(x) = \ln(x)$$

Logarithmic EquationsDefn log

$$y = \log_a x \Leftrightarrow x = a^y$$

read "log base a of x"

defn division

$$a \div b = c \Leftrightarrow a = c \cdot b$$

Log Properties

$$a \neq 0, 1, a > 1$$

$$\log_a 1 = ? \Leftrightarrow a^? = 1 \quad ? = 0$$

$$\textcircled{1} \log_a 1 = 0$$

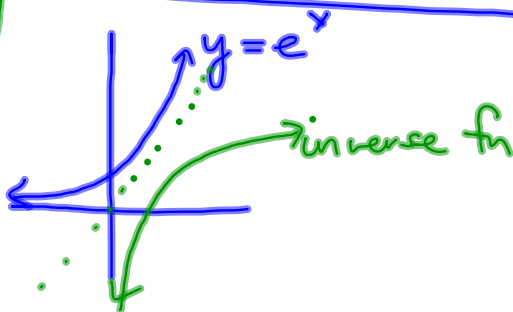
$$\log_a a = ? \Leftrightarrow a^? = a \quad ? = 1$$

$$\textcircled{2} \log_a a = 1$$

$$\log_a a^x = ? \Leftrightarrow a^? = a^x \quad ? = x$$

$$\textcircled{3} \log_a a^x = x$$

★ logarithm fn  
undoes exponential  
fn



ex  $15 \div 5 = ?$      $5 \cdot ? = 15$

Defn

$$\log_{\heartsuit} \square = \star \Leftrightarrow \heartsuit^{\star} = \square$$

ex  $\log_5 25 = ? \Leftrightarrow 5^? = 25$

$$5 = \heartsuit \quad 25 = \square \quad ? = \star$$

## ① EXAMPLE

Evaluate these expressions.

$$a) \log_6 1 = ? = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 6^? = 1$$

$$b) \log_{10} \left( \frac{1}{100} \right) = ? = -2$$

$$10^? = \frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}{10^2} = 10^{-2}$$

$$c) \log_4(-1) = ?$$

$$4^? = -1$$

DNE

$$d) \log_5(0) = ?$$

$$5^? = 0$$

undefined

$$e) \log_{144} 12 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$144^? = 12$$

$$(12^2)^? = 12$$

$$12^{2?} = 12^1$$

$$2(?) = 1$$

$$? = \frac{1}{2}$$
  

$$144^? = 12$$

$$\sqrt{144} = 12$$

$$? = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$f) \log_2(256) = 8$$

$$2^? = 256$$

$$2^8 = 256$$

## ② EXAMPLE

Rewrite in the other format.

Defn

$$\log_{\heartsuit} \square = \star$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \heartsuit^{\star} = \square$$

a)  $\log_{32} 4 = \frac{2}{5}$

$$32 = \heartsuit \quad 4 = \square \quad \frac{2}{5} = \star$$

$$32^{\frac{2}{5}} = 4$$

b)  $\log_3 \frac{1}{27} = -3$

$$3^{-3} = \frac{1}{27}$$

c)  $6^{-3} = \frac{1}{216}$

$$\heartsuit = 6 \quad \star = -3 \quad \square = \frac{1}{216}$$

$$\log_6 \left( \frac{1}{216} \right) = -3$$

d)  $4^1 = 4$

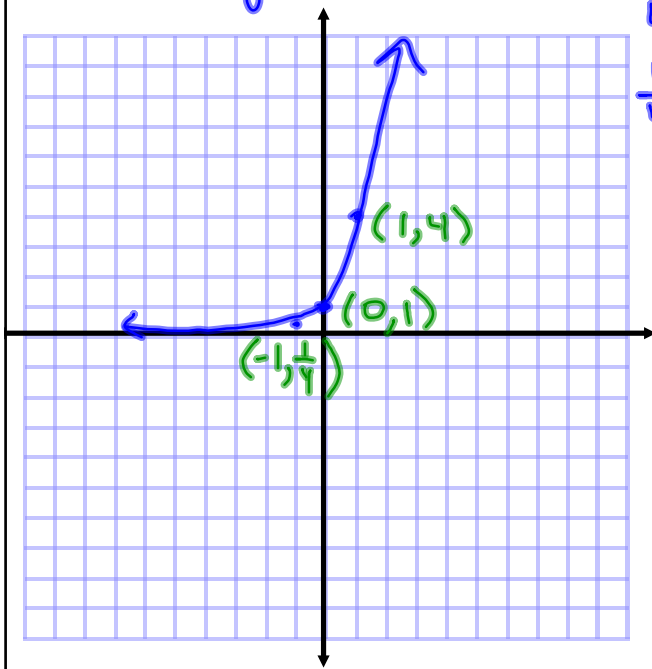
$$\log_4 4 = 1$$

Graphs and Vertical Asymptotes

$$\log_4 x = y \Leftrightarrow 4^y = x$$

HA:  $y = 0$

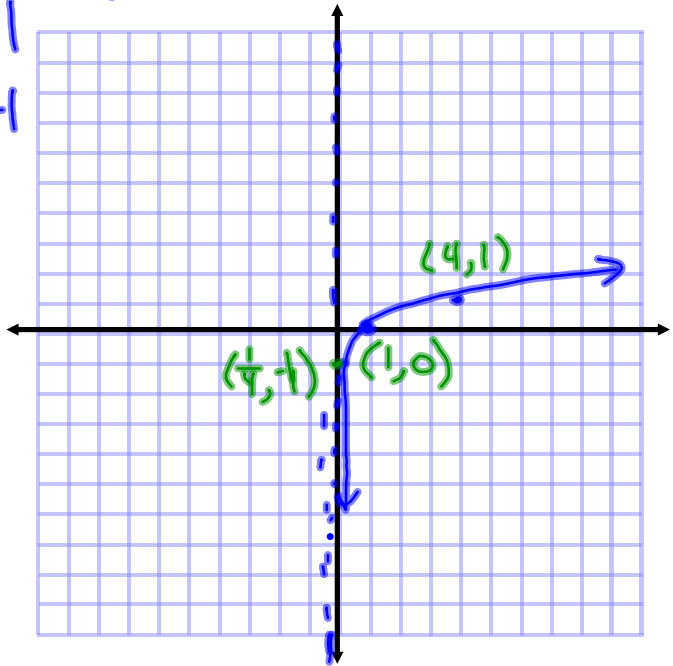
$$y = 4^x$$



x	y
1	0
4	1
$\frac{1}{4}$	-1

$y = \log_4 x$  VA:  $x = 0$

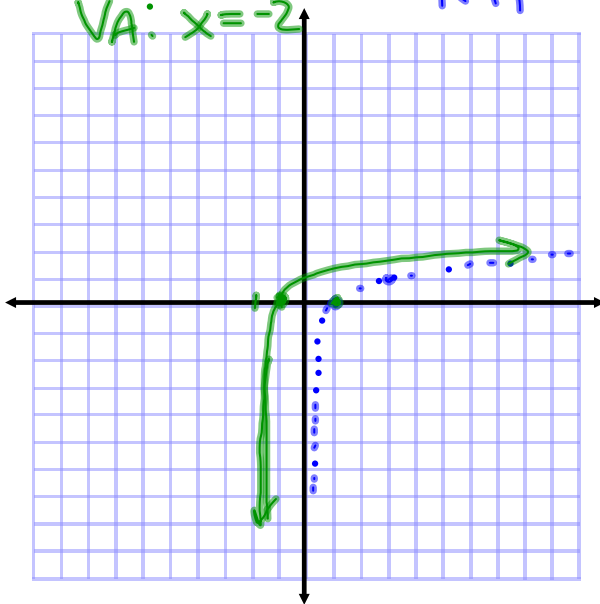
$$y = \log_4 x$$



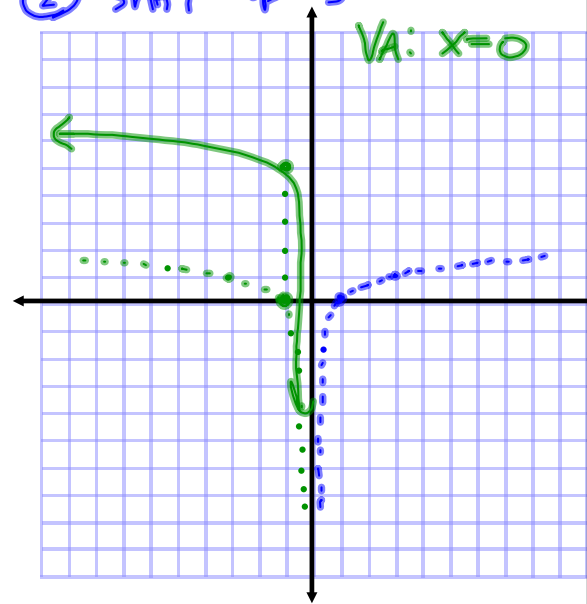
$$f(x) = \log_a x$$

$$\text{domain: } x > 0$$

a)  $y = \log_3(x + 2)$   
 base:  $y = \log_3 x$  shift 2  
 left  
 VA:  $x = -2$

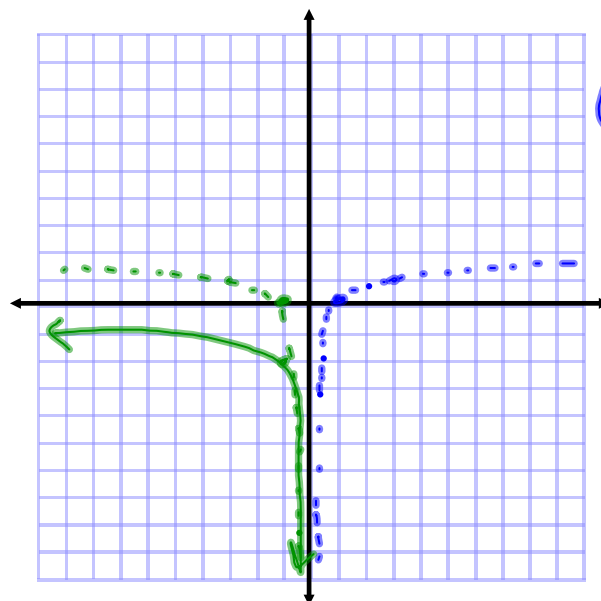


b)  $y = \log_3(-x) + 5$   
 ① reflection: horizontal  
 ② shift up 5  
 VA:  $x = 0$



c)  $y = \log_3(-x) - 2$

- ① reflection:  
horizontal  
 ② shift down  
2



VA:  $x = 0$