

Math1220 Midterm 1 Review Problems
(6.1-6.5, 6.8, 6.9, 7.1, 7.2)

1. Find the equation of the tangent line to the graph of $y = \cos^{-1}(\ln(x^4))$ when $x = 1$.

2. Find $f^{-1}(x)$ for $f(x) = \left(\frac{2x-1}{2x+5}\right)^3$.

3. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ for each function. (**Don't simplify.**)

(a) $y = \ln(\cos^2(3x)) + \sin^{-1}(3x-2)$

(b) $y = (5x+3)^{2x^2}$

(c) $y = (1+x^4)^\pi + \pi^{1+x^4}$

(d) $y = \operatorname{sech}(\cos(2x))$

(e) $y = \ln(3x-2) + 2x^{-6} + 4x^3 - \sin(5x) + 9$

(f) $y = e^{\frac{1}{3x}} + \frac{1}{e^{3x}}$

(g) $y = (x^3-1)^{\ln x}$

(h) $y = \cosh^{-1}(\cos x + 3)$

4. A certain radioactive substance has half-life of 10 years. How long will it take for 50 grams to decay to 4 grams? (Simplify answer as much as possible without calculator.)

5. Evaluate each integral.

(a) $\int \arcsin(2x) dx$

(b) $\int \frac{20x+5}{2x^2+x-7} dx$

(c) $\int \frac{-5}{x+x(\ln x)^2} dx$

(d) $\int_1^3 4^{2x-7} dx$

(e) $\int_1^y y \arctan(y) dy$

(f) $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{6}} 2^{\cos x} \sin x dx$

(g) $\int_0^1 \frac{2t^2+1}{2t^3+3t-4} dt$

(h) $\int_{-2}^0 6^{2x+4} dx$

(i) $\int \frac{e^{2x}}{e^{2x}+5} dx$

(j) $\int \frac{5x^2}{\sqrt[3]{1-x^6}} dx$

$$(k) \int \frac{x}{x^4+4} dx$$

$$(l) \int \frac{x^3}{x^4+4} dx$$

$$(m) \int 3x(4^x) dx$$

$$(n) \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \frac{2 \cos x}{1 + \sin^2 x} dx$$

6. Find $(f^{-1})'(5)$ given $f(x) = 2x^5 + 4x - 1$.

7. Show that $f(x) = \frac{\sin x + 1}{\cos x}$ is monotonic on the interval $\left(\frac{-\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$, i.e. that its inverse exists on that domain.

8. Find the area of the region bounded by $y = \sinh x$, $y = 0$ and $x = \ln 2$.

9. Show that $f(x) = 6 - \tan^{-1}(2x) - 5(x-1)^3$ has an inverse. (Explain your reasoning.) Then, find $(f^{-1})'(11)$

10. Find the limits.

$$(a) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{3}{x}\right)^{5x}$$

$$(b) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (1)^{5x}$$