uid number:	Special number:

Instructions:

- Please show all of your work as partial credit will be given where appropriate, **and** there may be no credit given for problems where there is no work shown.
- All answers should be completely simplified, unless otherwise stated.
- There are no calculators or any sort of electronics allowed on this exam. Make sure all cell phones are put away and out of sight. If you have a cell phone out at any point, for any reason, you will receive a zero on this exam.
- You will be given an opportunity to ask clarifying questions about the instructions at exactly 8:40 a.m. (for a couple minutes). The questions will be answered for the entire class. After that, no further questions will be allowed, for any reason.
- You must show us your U of U student ID card when finished with the exam.
- The exam key will be posted on Canvas by noon.
- You may ask for scratch paper. You may use NO other scratch paper. Please transfer all finished work onto the proper page in the test for us to grade there. We will <u>not</u> grade the work on the scratch page.
- You are allowed to use one 8.5x11 inch piece of paper with notes for your reference during the exam.

(This exam totals 100 points, not including the extra credit problem.)

STUDENT—PLEASE DO NOT WRITE BELOW THIS LINE. THIS TABLE IS TO BE USED FOR GRADING.

Problem	Score
1	
2 & 3	
4	
5	
6	
7 & EC	

Total Percentage:	
rolair elcellage.	

- 1. (5 points each) Let ${\it a}$ = $\langle 2,0,-5 \rangle$, ${\it b}$ = $\langle 4,1,0 \rangle$ and ${\it c}$ = 3 ${\it j}$ 2 ${\it k}$. Find each of the following.
 - (a) $\boldsymbol{a} \cdot (\boldsymbol{b} + \boldsymbol{c})$

$$a \cdot (b+c) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

(b) projection of b onto a

projection of
$$b$$
 onto $a =$

(c) $a \cdot (b \times c)$

$$a \cdot (b \times c) =$$

2. (10 points) Find the equation of the sphere t (1, 0, 5) and (3, 6, -1) as a diameter.	hat has the line segment	joining
	Radius =	units
	center =	
Eqn of sphere: 3. (10 points) A luxury sail boat is traveling due of ship is running across the ship, heading due sou magnitude and direction of her velocity relative don't have a calculator, just give the angle in si	th, at 7 miles per hour. We to the surface of the wo	hat are the
velocity maç	gnitude:	
velocity direction (as an angle): _		

4. (20 points) For position vector given by $\mathbf{r}(t) = 5t\,\mathbf{i} - e^t\,\mathbf{j} + e^{2t}\,\mathbf{k}$, find the velocity and acceleration vectors, the speed at $t = \ln 2$ and parametric equations of the tangent line at t = 0.

$$v(t) =$$

$$a(t) =$$

parametric equations of the tangent line when t=0

following questions.	For the planes given by $3x + y - z = 4$ and $2x - y + 4z = 5$, answer the	ne
(a) Find the	line of intersection between the planes.	
Line:		
(b) Find the	aguation of the plane that is perpendicular to the line of intersection	_
(b) Find the and goes through the	equation of the plane that is perpendicular to the line of intersection ne point (-2, 1, 7).	า
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- 6. (15 points) For each surface, give its shape name, and draw a quick sketch of its graph. Possible surface shape names: cylinder, plane, ellipsoid, sphere, hyperboloid of one sheet, hyperboloid of two sheets, elliptic paraboloid, hyperbolic paraboloid, elliptic cone.
- (a) $4x^2+9y^2+z^2-1=0$ type of surface:

Quick sketch:

(b) $4x^2+z^2-4=0$ type of surface:

Quick sketch:

(c) $4x^2+9y^2+z^2=0$ type of surface:______

Quick sketch:

(d) $4x^2-9y^2+z^2+4=0$ type of surface:

Quick sketch:

(e) $4x^2-9y^2+z^2-4=0$ type of surface:

Quick sketch:

7. (10 points) Find the arc length of the curve given by the position vector	
$r(t) = 8i + \sin(e^t)j - \cos(e^t)k$ for $0 \le t \le \ln(5)$	

arc length: _____

Extra Credit: (5 points) Your class grade is based on six components: overall daily quiz score, overall weekly quiz score, three midterms and a final exam, weighted 10%, 15%, 20%, 20%, 10% and 25% respectively. Assume your grades on these components are given by d, w, m_1 , m_2 , m_3 , f, respectively.

What do the vectors $\mathbf{w} = \langle 0.1, 0.15, 0.2, 0.2, 0.1, 0.3 \rangle$ and $\mathbf{y} = \langle d$, \mathbf{w} , m_{1} , m_{2} , m_{3} , $f \rangle$ represent, in terms of the course?

Calculate the dot product $w \cdot y$.

What does that dot product represent, in terms of the course?