

Homework 6: The Uniformization Theorem

For background, read pages 25-42 in Imayoshi-Taniguchi.

1. Consider $A = \{w \mid r < |w| < 1\}$ and let λ be defined by $r = \exp\left(-\frac{2\pi^2}{\log \lambda}\right)$. Let $\pi : U \rightarrow A$ be defined by $\pi(z) = \exp\left(2\pi i \frac{\log z}{\log \lambda}\right)$ where \log is the principle branch of the logarithmic function. Prove that π is conformal covering map.
2. Prove the following theorem (you may consult Imayoshi and Taniguchi page 33):
 - (a) If $\gamma \in \text{Aut}(\hat{\mathbb{C}})$ then γ has the form $\gamma(z) = \frac{az+b}{cz+d}$ where $a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{C}$ and $ad - bc = 1$.
 - (b) If $\gamma \in \text{Aut}(\mathbb{C})$ then γ has the form $\gamma(z) = az + b$ where $a, b \in \mathbb{C}$ and $a \neq 0$.
 - (c) If $\gamma \in \text{Aut}(\hat{\Delta})$ then γ has the form $\gamma(z) = \frac{az+b}{bz+\bar{a}}$ where $a, b \in \mathbb{C}$ and $|a| = |b| = 1$.
It can also be written as $\gamma(z) = e^{i\theta} \frac{z-\alpha}{1-\bar{\alpha}z}$ where $\theta \in [0, 2\pi)$ and $\alpha \in \Delta$.
 - (d) If $\gamma \in \text{Aut}(U)$ then γ has the form $\gamma(z) = \frac{az+b}{cz+d}$ where $a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{R}$ and $ad - bc = 1$.
3. Suppose that R is a Riemann Surface, and that $\tilde{R} \cong \Delta$. Show that R gives rise to a complete hyperbolic structure R' on the same underlying surface.
4. Suppose $f : R \rightarrow S$ is a holomorphic map where R, S are Riemann Surfaces and $\tilde{R}, \tilde{S} \cong \Delta$. Show that f is a local isometry from R' to S' . Show that if f is biholomorphic then f is an isometry from R' to S' .
5. Let X be a complete hyperbolic surface. Show that X gives rise to a conformal structure X^* on the underlying surface. Prove that if $f : X \rightarrow Y$ is an isometry then $f : X^* \rightarrow Y^*$ is biholomorphic.